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Dear Dr. Hoeh,

I'm attempting to find out what adjustments are practical in the dates given in the past concerning the early migrations of the Danites and Zerites up to the time of Ezekiel.

1. What chain of dates counting backward or what contemporary data establishes 1016 B.C. as the time of the Milesian conquest over the Danaans in Ireland?
2. By what reckoning did the Danaans hold sway in Ireland for 197 years (1213-1016 B.C.?)
3. What are the best accountings for the fall of Troy? The date 1184 B.C. vaguely occurs to me.
4. A work called the Annals of Ireland says that the first appearance of the Danaans in Ireland was 1200 B.C. or eighty-five years after the great victory over Deborah. The Irish historian, O'Flaherty shows that there were two and just two migrations of the Tuatha dex ~~Danians~~ Danans into Ireland. Deborah was actually oppressed in the years 1210-1190 B.C. The annals of Ireland, therefore, would allude to an event no earlier than 1125 B.C. Also, it would be a second, not a first, Danan invasion. If the Milesians invaded Ireland 197 years later, it would have been in 928 B.C. In your compendium, VI, P418, you quoted the Irish poet concerning a 440-year Danan rule in Ireland, (456-1016 B.C.) By giving these facts, I hope more concisely to know whether you would totally discount the 440-year figure of the Irish poet and or the 85-year figure of the Annals of Ireland?
5. I vaguely recall 569 B.C. as the date of Jeremiah's arrival into Ireland. I guess he either left Egypt when the Babylonians invaded it or the date is established by Scott-Irish tradition in conjunction with events of Jeremiah's time. Is there any basis for this date?
6. I know of no way of telling whether the Cimmerians of Herodotus are Israelites (Gomer of Hosea), or of Gomer of Jepheth. 1 Chronicles 5:26 says that the Israelites remained in the civilized world until after the Chronicles of the Bible were written. I supposed they were the Sakai or Sakans of Herodotus and Xerxes's time (See ~~Herodotus~~ Xerxes's list of subject peoples in Prichard's texts.) So, the wandering Cimmerians of Herodotus 1:15-16 were an earlier and different group. If these earlier Cimmerians were Israelites, then I suppose they were the Welch, and the still settled Sakans were later the Saxons. From this, I guess that the Israelites of Ireland were primarily remnant Zerites from Spain and Danans (if any survived) from Greece. How accurate is this reconstruction?
1456: First Danans in Ireland. 1280 B.C. Manetho's date for when Danus and Cadmus left Egypt. 1213 B.C. Assyrians intimidate Danaans into leaving Greece. 1184 B.C. Fall of Troy. 1125 B.C. Danaans after 80 years in Denmark and 7 years in Scotland? land in Ireland. 1016?? Milesian invasion from Spain--Milesians associated with (but were not?) Israelites. 770 B.C. Jonah ~~wanted~~ wanted to visit an Israelite (Zerite?) trading outpost in Tarshish. 670? B.C. ~~Cimmer~~ Cimmerians (Israelites?) escape Assyrian rule. About 620 B.C. 28-year Scythian invasion of Asia. Maybe not themselves Israelites). 669 B.C. ~~He~~ Jeremiah reaches Ireland. 430 B.C. 1 Chron. 5:26, Sakan Israelites not yet lost.

I wish my questions to you here were as useful to you as your response to them would be helpful to me,

Garth Wardrop